READING AND ORAL COMMUNICATION SKILLS@HGP

P3 AND P4
WORKSHOP FOR PARENTS
SATURDAY, 2 APRIL 2016

OUTLINE OF SHARING

- Overview of Reading
 - Definition
 - Reading for Fluency
 - Extensive Reading
 - Intensive Reading
- Main Curriculum
 - Units of Stellar P1 to P4
 - How Stellar is Used in the Classroom
 - Extension of Reading to Writing in Stellar
 - Teaching Reading Comprehension using QAR
- Teacher Demonstration on Comprehension
- TREES
- Reading Activities in Class

WHAT IS READING?

- Making meaning from print
- Requires us to:
 - Identify the words in print
 - a process called word recognition
 - Construct an understanding from them
 - a process called comprehension
 - Coordinate identifying words and making meaning so that reading is automatic and accurate
 - an achievement called fluency

READING FOR FLUENCY

- Fluency is the ability to read a text accurately, quickly, and with expression.
- •Fluency is important because it provides a bridge between word recognition and comprehension.
- When fluent readers read silently, they recognize words automatically.

EXTENSIVE READING

- Involves learners reading texts for enjoyment
- Develop general reading skills
- free reading, book flood, reading for pleasure

- 1. Don't look up words in the dictionary.
- 2. Skip over parts you don't understand.
- 3. If you aren't enjoying one book, toss it aside and get another.

INTENSIVE READING

- Reading in detail with specific learning aims and tasks
- Slow, careful reading of a small amount of difficult text
- For low level readers, intensive reading is possibly the fastest way to build vocabulary
- Reading difficult material forces a learner to develop strategies for dealing with texts that are too hard to read comfortably



STELLAR **Strategies for** English Language Learning and Reading

STELLAR UNITS

- Processes in Stellar
- •P1 to P4 (In the hand outs)
- Title and the Theme
- •What could Parents do?
 - Exposure to the themes at home
 - Experiences on related themes

KNOW-WANT TO KNOW-LEARNT (KWL)

= what I Know

W = what I Want to know

= what I have Learnt

Writing Process Cycle

- Class writing (CW)
- Group writing (GW)
- Individual writing (IW)

Source text	CW	GW	IW
Leatherback Turtles (P4 Unit 11) Information text	White Tigers	Endangered Animals	Endangered or Extinct Animals

MID TO UPPER PRIMARY STELLAR CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

- By the end of P3a most pupils can already handle more independence in reading and writing and the support from the shared reading of Big Books becomes less necessary.
- P3b uses another approach that provides some support, but leads to further independence and reading silently.
- We call it Supported Reading.

Engaging with text at P4

COMPREHENSION STRATEGIES (QAR)



COMPRE - QUESTION ANSWER RELATIONSHIP APPROACH

No		Steps
1	Questions	Read the questions.
2	Questions - Tenses	Highlight keywords for tenses.
3	Question Types	Highlight keywords for question types.
4	Text - Ideas	Read the text for main idea of whole text and every paragraph.
8	Text- Answers	Highlight all answers before answering questions.
10	Questions - Text	Answer the questions.
11	Questions- Checking	Check answers: Each time you have answered a question, please use the acronyms to edit your answers. C - complete sentence S - spelling P - punctuation T - tenses Sv - subject verb agreement

ORAL STIMULUS-BASED CONVERSATION

TRES

TREES:

Thoughts Reasons Examples Experiences Suggestions

Thought

- a. Read carefully and understand all the given titles, themes or texts.
- b. **Think** of the theme or topic What do you think the title or theme is indicating, e.g. what should not be left outside your home
- c. Select the item that you think shouldn't be placed outside your home.

Reason

1. Give Reason for your choice, e.g. what made you select it above others

•2. Describe what you have chosen

•3. What is so special about it?

Examples

1. Provide Examples to expand the selected choice or idea. You can talk what you think, can be placed outside your home.

Experiences

1.Relate your <u>Experiences</u>: give your own personal responses. Your personal responses cover the 5W and 1H questions.

Suggestion:

1. Give an alternative solution or opinion, if applicable. Relate your suggestions or opinions to values e.g. Respect, Responsibility, Care, Rallying Together



OTHER TIPS

1. Always speak in full sentences and with confidence.

2. Look at the teacher when you are talking.

3. Smile and relax.

ACTIVITY				
Acronym	What it stands for?	Question: Which items should not be left outside a flat or a house? Tell me why.		
Т	Thoughts			
R	Reasons			
E	Examples			
E	Experiences			
S	Suggestions			

ACTIVITY

What it

Acronym

	stands for?	a house? Tell me why.
Т	Thoughts	Some items that clutter the corridor are bicycles, old newspaper and big and bulky items like tables and sofas. They should not be left outside the flat or the house.
R	Reasons	It takes up a lot of space and the walkway will be narrowed as a result. It will be difficult for people to walk. Also, furniture could be flammable. It can cause unnecessary fire and problems for the owner as well as their neighbours.
Ε	Examples	Some items my mother put outside our flat are plants and shoes. Plants need sunlight and we can't put them indoors. It will also beautify the surrounding.
E	Experiences	I have witnessed a quarrel between my neighbours. My neighbour placed many things outside her place, thus causing the walkway to be narrow. A confrontation took place. They tried to get me to take sides, however, I prefer to be cordial so I stood on the fence and chose not to take sides.
S	Suggestions	I would suggest for them to donate their pre-loved items to the Salvation Army so that others could benefit from some of the items. For those that I have to throw, I will throw it at specific places located by the town council so that I don't irritate my neighbours with rubbish at the void deck as I wouldn't like to see such things being thrown at the void deck too.

Question: Which items should not be left outside a flat or

READING ACTIVITIES IN CLASS

- SSR
 - Sustained Silent/Supported Reading
 - Book Review
- Class Library
- What's Up Newspaper (P4)
 - What can parents do @ home
 - Read for pleasure
 - Newspaper article
 - Vocabulary
 - Comprehension Passage
 - Cloze Passage

HOW YOU CAN HELP YOUR CHILD

Go to the library together

 Have lots of books, magazines and newspapers in your home

Give your child books about their special interests

HOW YOU CAN HELP YOUR CHILD

- Allow your child to choose books to read and reread
- Read to and with your child (or, have your child read to you)
 - Remember that reading in a mother tongue language also fosters a love for books and knowledge
- Talk about the books and characters read

FOOD FOR THOUGHT...

Children are made readers on the laps of their parents.

- Emile Buchwald